

① ⇒ API (get, put, ...) - (load, range) - delete

② ⇒ Ⓢ design of access method
 ↳ data structure design
 ↳ algorithms to support API

③ ⇒ ~~is the design~~ concurrent?
 ↳ is No a valid answer? ⇒ I think no
 ↳ Yes, because it may be a manual design that we test
 ↳ or ~~if~~ concurrency may not be required

④ ⇒ is there a way to rank concurrent solutions?
 ⇒ How much concurrent is a design?
 ↳ What is the metric?
 = concurrent actions ~~per~~ allowed
 reads \ writes
 concurrent conflicting actions allowed
 ↳ we count independent / lockable pieces of the design

⑤ Do we get design variations because of concurrency, or because of design?

⑥ Say we have design X and we want to make it "more concurrent"
 Do we change the algorithm or the layout?

⑦ Is our goal to give the best concurrent & correct search/put / *

↓
 with that we can
 ↳ interactively give concurrency metric & design evolves
 ↳ fix bad algo designs for a layout. -
 ↳ look not bad but not optimal.

architecture : rule based system \Rightarrow capture DSL

how : is it OK to capture local design options and synthesize?

\Rightarrow or it has to be a global design choice?

For example: Tree based structure

Can we argue separately about links & nodes?

\hookrightarrow ideally we want to avoid that huge space

For example:

\Rightarrow We will have rules (any way) so we can do transformations

Metric of success :

correctness \rightarrow From Dennis' paper

concurrency rank? so enumerate options? \leftarrow

Side-effects

how expensive is it?

search design \rightarrow apply rules. *

Competition

(Is it possible to have a non concurrent design that is faster to run sequentially?)

(Is it possible to have other concurrent designs that we do not capture due to the framework)