

# Andromeda: Accurate and Scalable Security Analysis of Web Applications



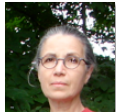
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## XSS

<SCRIPT>...</SCRIPT>



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## OWASP\* Top Ten Security Vulnerabilities

1. Cross-site scripting (XSS) ←
2. Injection flaws ←
3. Malicious file executions ←
4. Insecure direct object reference ←
5. Cross site request forgery (CSRF) ←
6. Information leakage and improper error handling ←
7. Broken authentication and improper session management
8. Unsecure cryptographic storage
9. Unsecure communications
10. Failure to restrict URL accesses

\* Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP): <http://www.owasp.org>

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## SQL Injection

```
String query = "SELECT * FROM users WHERE name=' " +
    userName + "' AND pwd=' " + pwd + "'";
```

Username:

Password:

```
SELECT * FROM users WHERE name='jsmith' AND pwd='Demo1234'
```

Username:

Password:



Ouch!

```
SELECT * FROM users WHERE name='foo';drop table custid;--' AND pwd=''
```

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## Malicious File Executions



- Web application manage files in the file system
- The name or contents of such files are often obtained from user input
- Maliciously crafted user inputs could cause the execution or deletion of security-sensitive files

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## Existing Static-Analysis Solutions



- Type systems:
  - Complex, conservative, require code annotations
- Classic slicing:
  - Has not been shown to scale to large applications while maintaining sufficient accuracy

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## Information Leakage and Improper Error Handling



```
org.apache.jasper.JasperException: /test.jsp(1,1) PRC6036: Include action: Mandatory attribute page missing
org.apache.jasper.compiler.DefaultErrorHandler.jspError(DefaultErrorHandler.java:45)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.ErrorDispatcher.dispatch(ErrorDispatcher.java:344)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.ErrorDispatcher.jspError(ErrorDispatcher.java:155)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.JspUtil.checkNotNullAttributes(JspUtil.java:296)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.Validator.validateVisitor.visit(Validator.java:549)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.NodeIncludeAction.accept(Node.java:1022)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.Node.visit(Node.java:2244)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.NodeVisitor.visitBody(Node.java:2294)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.NodeVisitor.visit(Node.java:2300)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.NodeRoot.accept(Node.java:460)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.Validator.validate(Validator.java:1756)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.Compiler.compile(Compiler.java:367)
org.apache.jasper.compiler.Compiler.generateJava(Compiler.java:160)
org.apache.jasper.servlet.JspServletWrapper.service(JspServletWrapper.java:344)
org.apache.jasper.servlet.JspServlet.service(JspServlet.java:457)
javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet.service(HttpServlet.java:917)
com.sun.webserver.connector.nrsapi.NRSAPIProcessor.service(NRSAPIProcessor.java:160)
```

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## Motivation



- Web applications are large and complex
- Sound analyses
  - If too precise, do not scale well
  - If too imprecise, have too many false positives
- Unsound analyses
  - Have false negatives
  - Are often unstable (extra-sensitivity to program changes)





## High-level Algorithm

- Input: Web application plus supporting rules
  - $\{(Sources, Sinks, Sanitizers)\}$
- Build class hierarchy
- Construct CHA-based call graph with intra-procedural type-inference optimization
- Perform data-flow analysis (explained next)
- Report any flow from a source to a sink not intercepted by a sanitizer in the same rule



## Modularity of the Analysis

- Runs on data flow (def-to-use)
- Produces and uses pre-compiled models
  - Format:
 

```
<method, entry> → <method, exit>
```
  - Example:
 

```
<m, v2.f.g> → <m, v1.h>
```



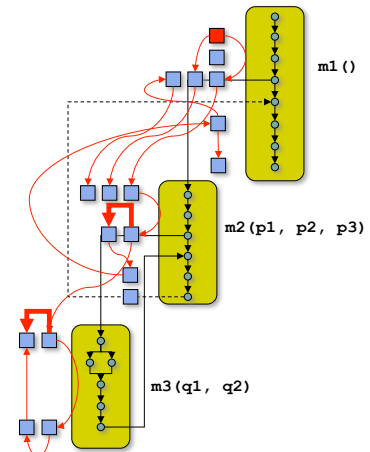
## Abstract Domain

- Consists of triplets:
  - Method where Static Single Assignment (SSA) variable is defined
  - SSA variable ID
  - Access path
- Inputs form a lattice according to subsumption relation defined on access paths, e.g.:
 
$$o.* \geq o.f.* \geq o.f.g$$
  - The \* symbol represents any feasible sub-path
  - Array load/store semantics is applied to arrays, maps, session objects, etc.



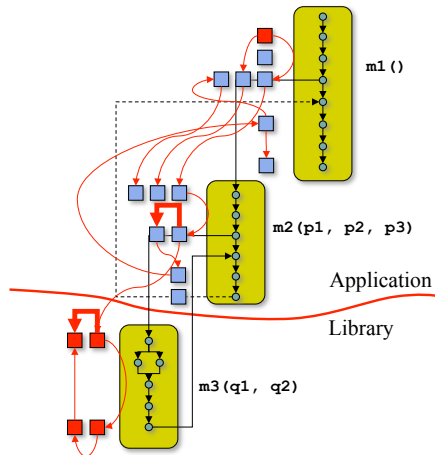
## A Novel Approach to Taint Analysis

- Start from taint sources
- Propagate taint intra-procedurally through def-to-use
- Inter-procedurally propagate taint forward and record constraints in callees
- Record constraints on call sites, recursively (allows for polymorphism)
- Resolve aliasing by going back to allocation sites
- In the final *constraint-propagation graph*, detect paths between sources and sinks not intercepted by sanitizers



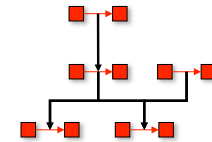
## Modular Analysis

- Persist constraint edges at library entrypoints
- Constraint edges are mapped to contexts
- During analysis time, the constraint edges specific to a particular context are used
- Summaries are source-, sink- and sanitizer-specific



## Incremental Analysis

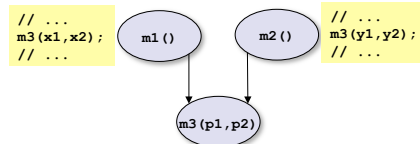
- A *taint constraint* is an edge in the constraint-propagation graph  $\blacksquare \rightarrow \blacksquare$
- The *support graph* records how constraints were learned (i.e., based on which other constraints)
- Facts learned in a scope that underwent change are transitively invalidated
- Preconditions recomputed
- Fixed-point analysis recommenced



## Backward Propagation

- Pushes constraints back to callers
  - Infinite context sensitivity
  - Polymorphism with respect to taint
- The constraint  $p1.f.g \rightarrow p2.h$  in  $m3$  is propagated to  $m1$  and  $m2$  (and, recursively, to their callers)

- $x1.f.g \rightarrow x2.h$
- $y1.f.g \rightarrow y2.h$



## Integration with F4F

- F4F (OOPSLA 2011) analyzes code and metadata of frameworks and represents them in artifacts written in an XML-like language
- Andromeda translates those artifacts into legal Java code that – from a data-flow perspective – is equivalent to the original framework code
- New code is human-readable and reusable by other analyzers
- New code is compiled and added to the analysis scope



## Experimental Results\*



	ANDROMEDA	TAJ
Average TPs	82%	68%
Average FPs	12%	30%
Average Unknowns	6%	2%

Change Type	Response Time (s)			
	AltoroJ		Webgoat	
	Deletion	Addition	Deletion	Addition
Taint-propagator statement	2	2.2	1.9	2.2
Security sink	0.5	2	1.9	2.5
Security source	2.1	2.1	1.8	3.2
Irrelevant statement	1.9	2	2.5	2.8
Relevant method	2.2	1.9	1.8	2.7
Irrelevant method	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.7

\* More details in paper

## Thank You!

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## Conclusion



- The notorious scalability barrier finally lifted without compromising soundness
- Incremental analysis is a great promise for developers
- Production summaries already generated