

UNITED STATES ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY WASHINGTON 2015

July 6, 1978

Professor Philip J. Davis Applied Mathematics Division Brown University Providence, Rhode Island 02912

Dear Phil:

I can think of at least three dreams of government:

- 1) The dream of representative democracy, in which government, in both the legislative and executive branches represents the enlightened views of a cross-section of the population and vox populi is, indeed, vox Dei.
- 2) The dream of countervailing power, in which significant private interests are balanced against each other so that wise magistrates have, by and large, freedom to choose the better course.
- 3) The dream of cost effectiveness, in which, since to govern is to choose, the governors are able to calculate, in a universal calculus, the net social benefit of particular courses of action.

Clearly these dreams are not entirely mutually consistent, but then dreams seldom are.

I would add a fourth dream:

4) The dream of internal responsiveness, in which organized bureaucracy does what its leaders want it to do instead of madly suboptimizing at every level, or, as Jack Kennedy once said, after making a major decision with his principal advisers, "Now let's see if we can get the government to do it."

As you see, I am back in government again.

Sincerely,

Adam Yarmolinsky



UNITED STATES ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY WASHINGTON

July 13, 1978

Professor Philip J. Davis Division of Applied Mathematics Brown University Providence, Rhode Island 02912

Dear Phil:

Another dream of government:

The dream of the disposable bureaucracy — the dream that you can create a bureaucracy to carry out a specific time-limited task, and then make it go away. This is, perhaps, the most impossible dream of all, since every project, no matter how ephemeral, leaves a residue of bureaucratic ambition.

Yours

Adam Yarmolinsky

Enclosure

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