

Distributed Systems

Lecture 4

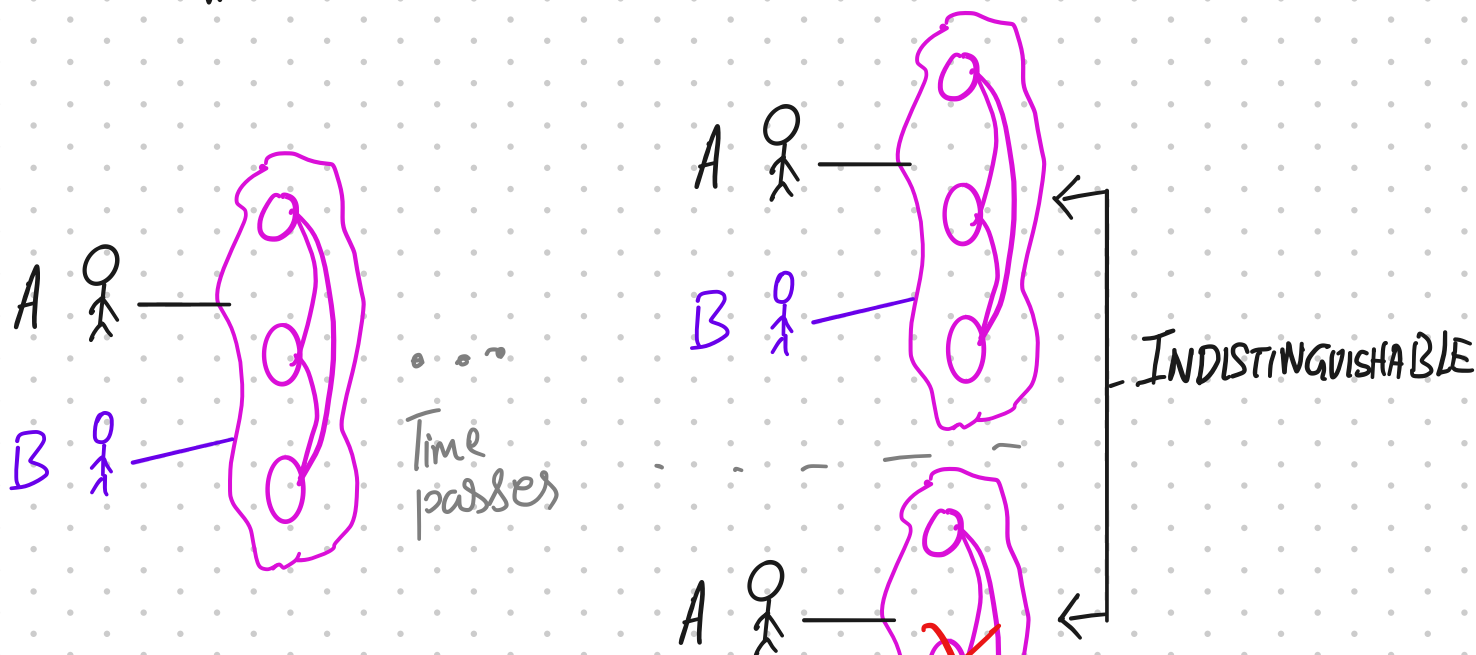
RSM

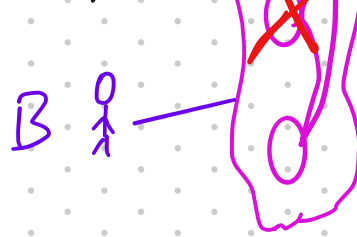
Replicated State Machines

- PROBLEM: How To BUILD A FAULT TOLERANT ???

??? $\equiv$ Airline reservation system (Lamport)
Key value store (Chubby, Etc, ...)
Database (...)
Ice cream stand (...)

What we want





Why?

- **System** is an abstraction BOUNDARY

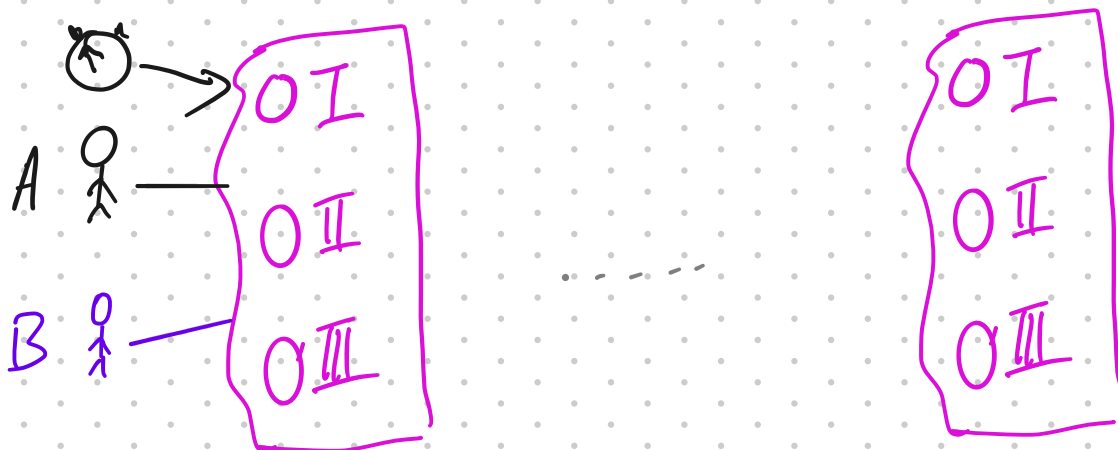
Good Design → Don't expose internals.

How?

Many ways

↳ Several that are task specific
But hard to get right.

RSM: A generic recipe



Time →

Make sure I, II and III have the

Same state & behave identically

Behave identically : Deterministic

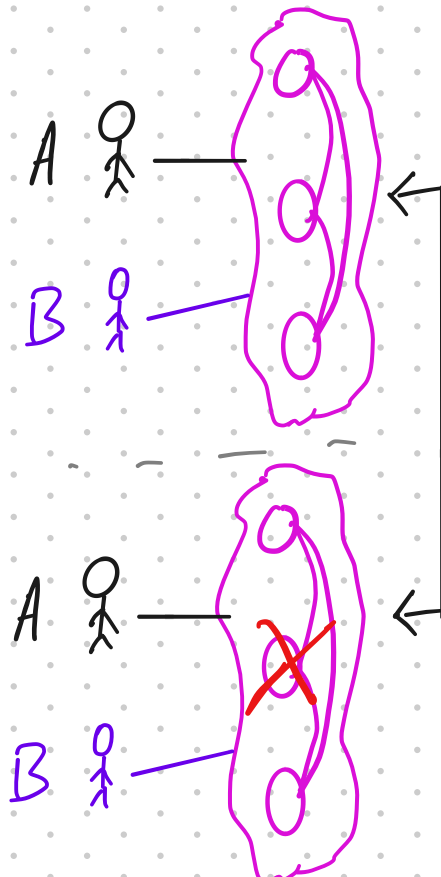


Out can depend on

- Current state
- In

- No dependence on time
 - No dependence on **ANYTHING OTHER THAN INPUTS + STATE**
 - No reading /dev/random
- ...

Be suspicious of fault tolerance mechanisms
that do not assume DETERMINISM

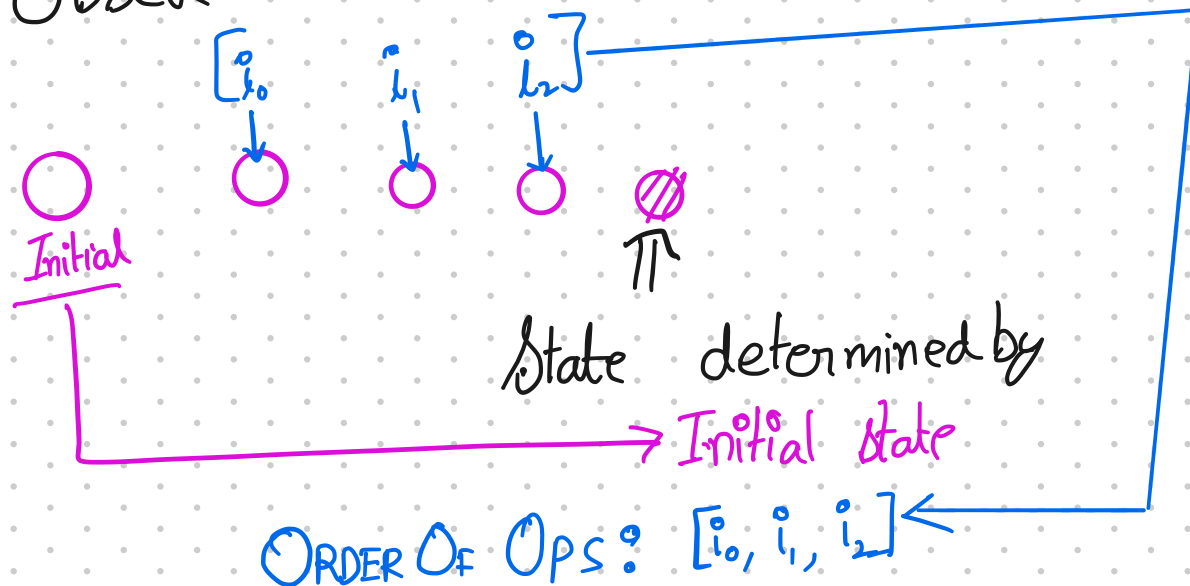


Likely using different definition

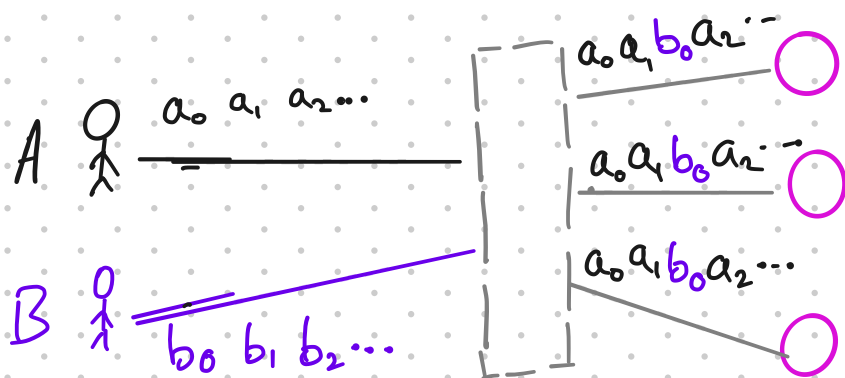
INDISTINGUISHABLE

Why Determinism helps.

Observe



Leads to RSMs



Two requirements

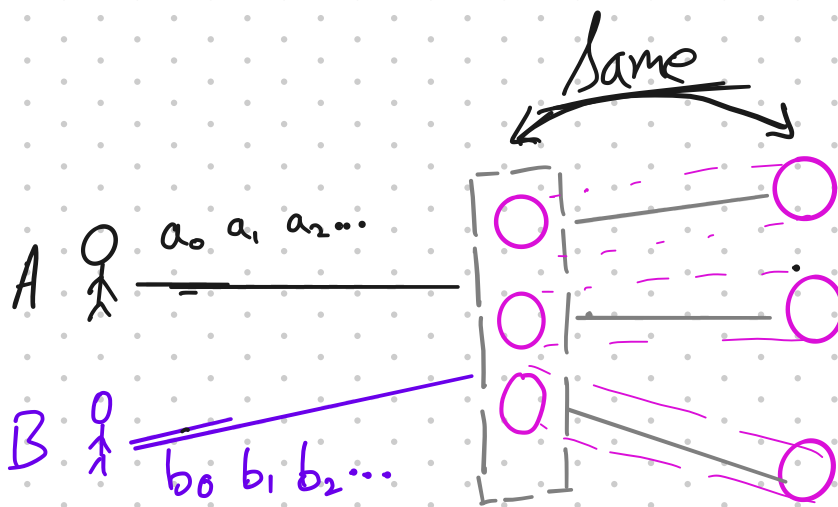
Agreement: All correct processes get the same set of requests (commands)

Ordering: All correct processes execute request in the same order.

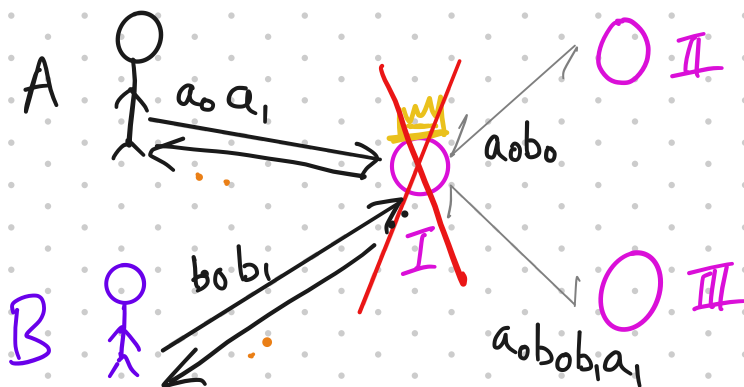
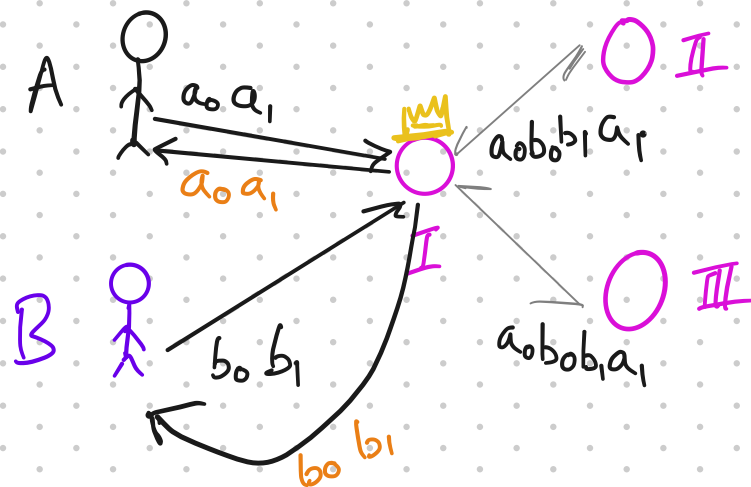
model makes this hard!

The asynchronous model makes...

FLP (in several weeks) formalizes this notion.



"Leader" based



Questions when designing

→ When can leader respond to a client? [Commit Point]

→ Who becomes leader? [Election]

→ How is leader failure detected?

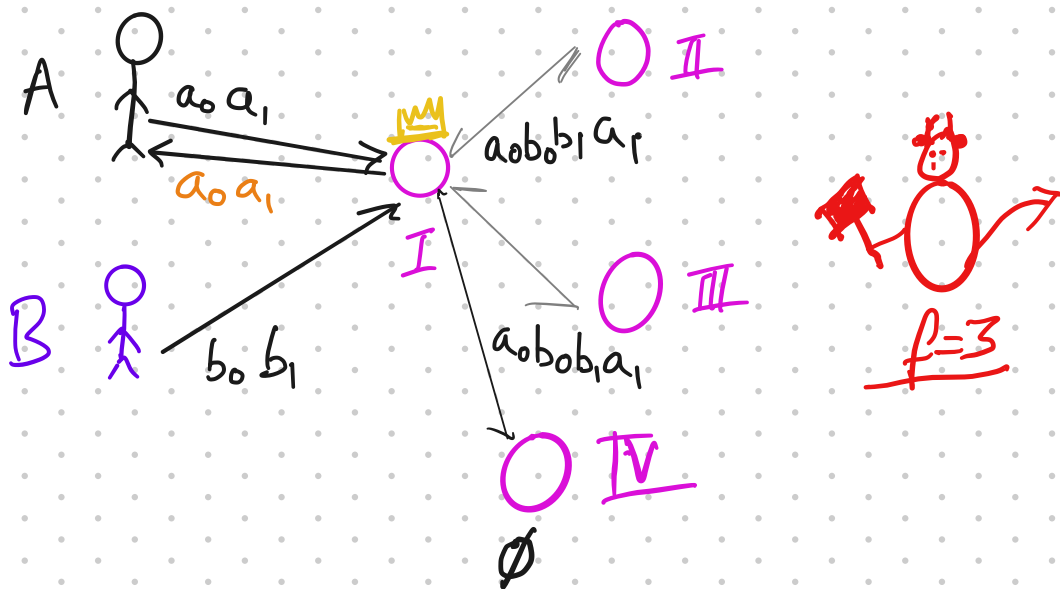
Commit Req. — Make sure inputs are replicated *enough* so they are not lost on failure

What is *enough*?

Assume up to f fail-stop failures
- Lower bound:

$$\geq f + 1$$

Why?



- Async. model
↳ Things get tricky

- Cannot distinguish b/w failure & msg delay



Decides both what nodes fail & how msgs are delayed

Req/Desirable: Termination

↳ Every request eventually processed

Election req (below) + async →
No termination

- Partially synch

↳ Define later in class but roughly:

eventually deployment

looks synchronous

→ eventually Can (sort of) distinguish b/w failure & delay

Tricky bit: eventually

- Can be a long time off
- Don't know if we have hit it

But... bound (for replication)

$\gg f+1$ assuming
 $2f+1$ nodes

More generally - quorum intersection

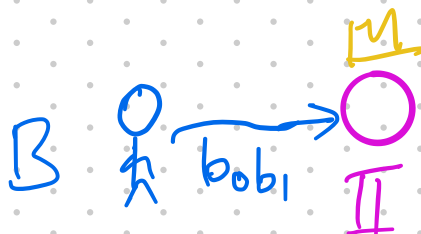
$\lceil n/2 + 1 \rceil \leftarrow$ But be suspicious

ELECTION REQ.

At most one active leader

Agree on leader

Why?



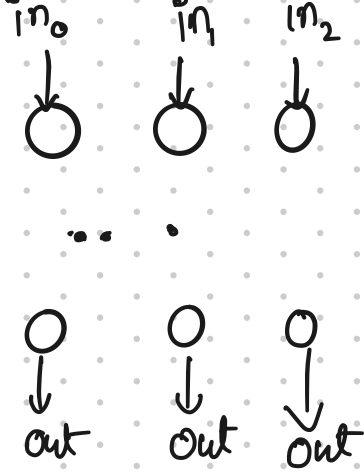
○ III

○ IV

○ V

○ VI

Agreement: Consensus

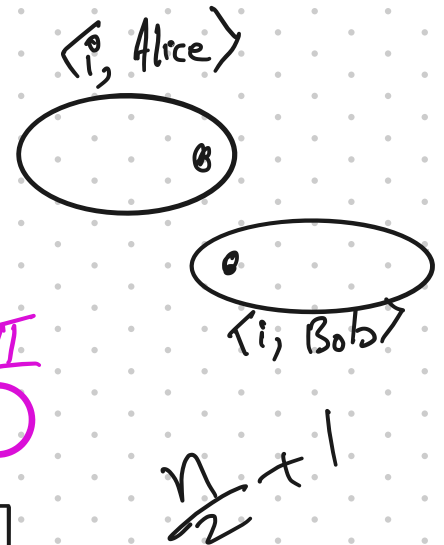
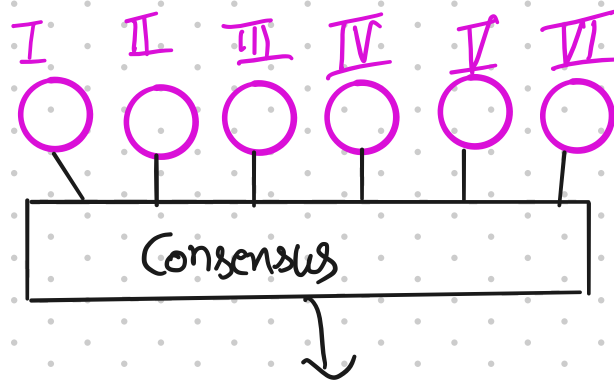


Agreement: If processes
 p & q output v_p & v_q
 then $v_p = v_q$

Validity: If process p
 outputs v_p then
 $v_p \in \{in_0, in_1, \dots\}$

Termination: Eventually
 one correct process
 output a decision

Leader election as consensus



'Leaderless' RSMs

- Will look at a protocol (Rabia) later
 in the semester
- Not really popular / used

↳ Why?

Tradeoffs

↳ Consensus each round

vs

?

Decoupling agreement & ordering.

Two requirements

Agreement: All correct processes get the same set of requests (commands)

Ordering: All correct processes execute request in the same order.

Above:
agreement & ordering
appear coupled

Same mech. for both. etc

Some systems (e.g., Scalog) Decouple them

Why?

How?

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