## Basic Algorithms, Problem Set 9

Due by 8 a.m. Wednesdy, April 7. Send to Jingshuai: jj2903@nyu.edu.

The cautious seldom err. – Confucius

- 1. Let  $a(x) = \sum_{j < n} a_j x^j$  be a polynomial of degree less than n. Find a(0) as a simple expression of  $a(1), a(\epsilon), a(\epsilon^2), \ldots, a(\epsilon^{n-1})$  where  $\epsilon = e^{2\pi i/n} = \cos(2\pi/n) + i\sin(2\pi/n)$ . (Idea: Inverse DFT)
- 2. Consider the undirected graph with vertices 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and adjacency lists (arrows omitted) 1:25, 2:1534, 3:24, 4:253, 5:412. Show the d and  $\pi$  values that result from running BFS, using 3 as a source. Nice picture, please!
- 3. Show the d and  $\pi$  values that result from running BFS on the undirected graph of Figure A<sup>1</sup>, using vertex u as the source.
- 4. We are given a set V of boxers. Between any two pairs of boxers there may or may not be a rivalry. Assume the rivalries form a graph G which is given by an adjacency list representation, that is, Adj[v] is a list of the rivals of v. Let n be the number of boxers (or nodes) and r the number of rivalries (or edges). Give a O(n+r) time algorithm that determines whether it is possible to designate some of boxers as GOOD and the others as BAD such that each rivalry is between a GOOD boxers and a BAD boxer. If it is possible to perform such a designation your algorithm should produce it.

Here is the approach: Create a new field  $\mathtt{TYPE}[v]$  with the values  $\mathtt{GOOD}$  and  $\mathtt{BAD}$ . Assume that the boxers are in a list L so that you can program: For all  $v \in L$ . The idea will be to apply  $\mathtt{BFS}[v]$  — when you hit a new vertex its value will be determined. A cautionary note:  $\mathtt{BFS}[v]$  might not hit all the vertices so, just like we had  $\mathtt{DFS}$  and  $\mathtt{DFS-VISIT}$  you should have an overall  $\mathtt{BFS-MASTER}$  (that will run through the list L) and, when appropriate, call  $\mathtt{BFS}[v]$ .

Note: The cognescenti will recognize that we are determining if a graph is bipartite!

5. Show how DFS works on Figure B. All lists are alphabetical except we put R before Q so it is the first letter. Show the discovery and finishing time for each vertex.

 $<sup>^1\</sup>mathrm{Figures}$  are on the website for Assignment 9

- 6. Show the ordering of the vertices produced by TOP-SORT when it is run on Figure C, with all lists alphabetical.
- 7. Let S(n) satisfy initial condition S(1) = 4 and recursion S(n) = S(n/7) + 11 Assume n is a power of 7. Give a precise formula for S(n).
- 8. Not to be Submitted! If one person is purple on December 10, 2020 and the number of purple people doubles every five days, at what day does the number of purple people reach  $7 \cdot 10^9$ ?

What is night for all beings is the time of waking for the disciplined soul. Bhavagad Gita, II.69