Name:	Net ID:

CSCI-UA.0002 – While Loops and Boolean Expressions

1. Write the output of each program in the space adjacent to it. If there is an error, indicate that an error will occur.

```
1. x, y = 0, 0
  while x <= 2 or y <= 4:
    x += 2
    y += 2
    print(x, y)</pre>
```

2. # assume that the user types in 2 when prompted for input

```
start = input('plz enter a number\n>')
number = start
while number < 10:
    print(number)
    number += 3</pre>
```

- 3. number = 1
 while number < 5:
 if number > 3:
 print('%s is too big' % (number))
 else:
 print(number * 'hi')
 number += 1
- 4. x = 0
 while x != 5:
 print(x)
 x += 2
- 2. Fill in the blanks in the program below.

It will continue to ask for numbers as long as the number entered meets one of the following conditions:

```
1. it's even
2. it's equal to 7
```

Once the user enters a number that does not meet the above conditions, stop asking for numbers and then print out all of the numbers that have been entered. See example ^

```
# Example Output
give me an even number (7 is ok too)
>62
give me an even number (7 is ok too)
>7
give me an even number (7 is ok too)
>8
give me an even number (7 is ok too)
>123
62 7 8
```

```
all_numbers = ''
answer = int(input('give me an even number (7 is ok too)\n>'))
while _____
all_numbers ____
answer = int(input('give me an even number (7 is ok too)\n>'))
print(all_numbers)
```

3. Use DeMorgan's Laws and logical opposites to simply the boolean expression below:

```
while not (num < 1 or num > 6): # simplify this while loop's condition
```