

# Syntax-Directed Translation

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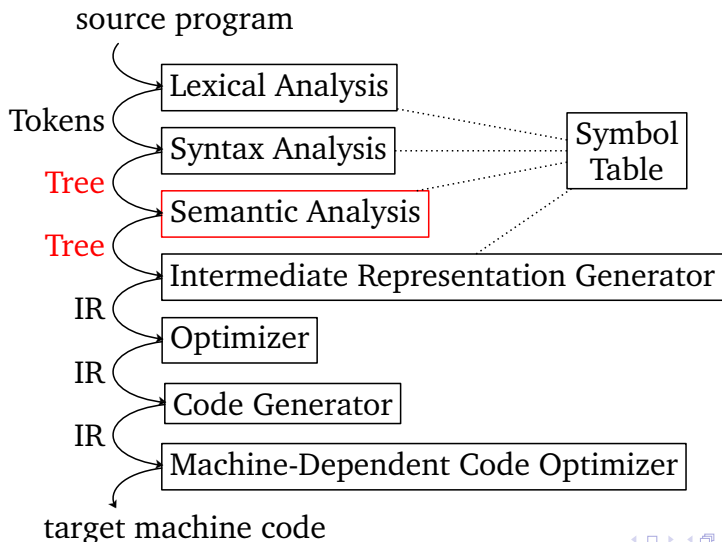


# Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 SDT: Syntax-Directed Translation
- 3 SDD: Syntax-Directed Definitions
- 4 SDDs in HACs



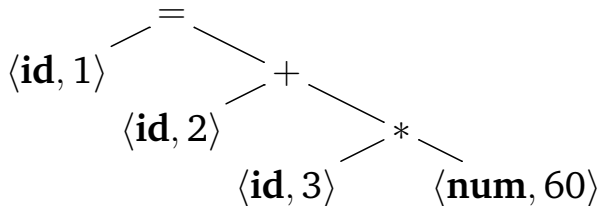
# Context



## From Abstract Syntax Tree (AST)

```
position = initial + rate * 60
```

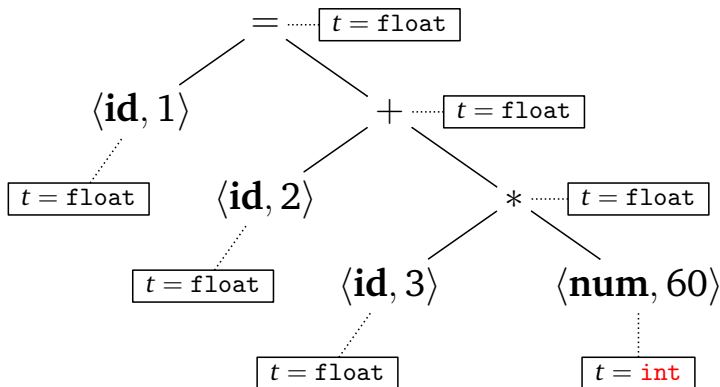
*parsed into abstract syntax tree:*



id	lexeme
1	position
2	initial
3	rate



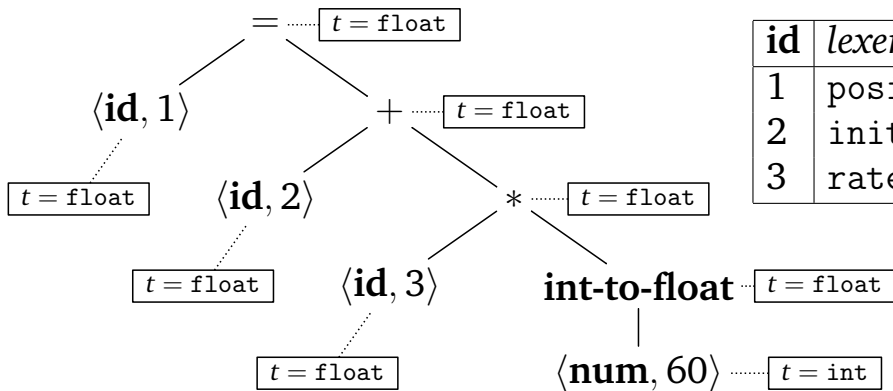
## ... to Annotated AST...



id	lexeme	t
1	position	float
2	initial	float
3	rate	float



## ... to “Fixed” AST



id	lexeme	t
1	position	float
2	initial	float
3	rate	float



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# Goal

From

$$\textit{expr} \rightarrow \textit{expr}_1 + \textit{term}_2$$

to

$$\boxed{\text{Code for } \textit{expr} \text{ to } R} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \boxed{\text{Code for } \textit{expr}_1 \text{ to } R_1} \\ \boxed{\text{Code for } \textit{term}_2 \text{ to } R_2} \\ \boxed{\text{Code for } R := R_1 + R_2} \end{array} \right.$$





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$$expr \rightarrow expr_1 + term_2$$

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## Syntax-Directed Definition

Define **attributes**:

$c$  : code generated from non-terminal

$r$  : register used for result of computing non-terminal

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh}; T_2.r = \text{fresh}$ $E.c = E_1.c    T_2.c    "E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r"$



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# Attributes

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$c$  : Set for *entire production*

$r$  : Set for *sub-production*



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$c$  : Set for *entire production*  $\rightarrow$  synthesized

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## Example

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"}E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow T_1$	$T_1.r = E.r; E.c = T_1.c$
$T \rightarrow \mathbf{int}$	$T.c = \text{"}T.r = \mathbf{int.lexeme}\text{"}$



## Example (text)

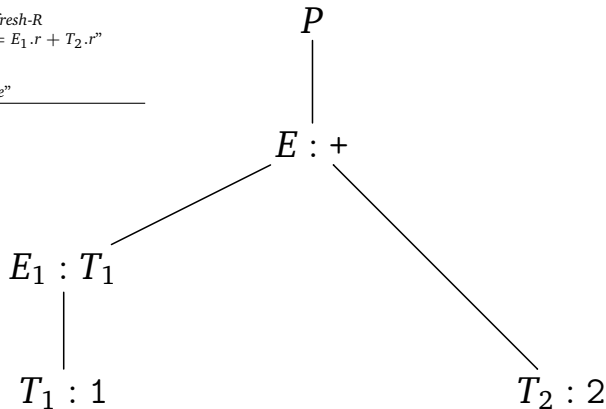
1+2





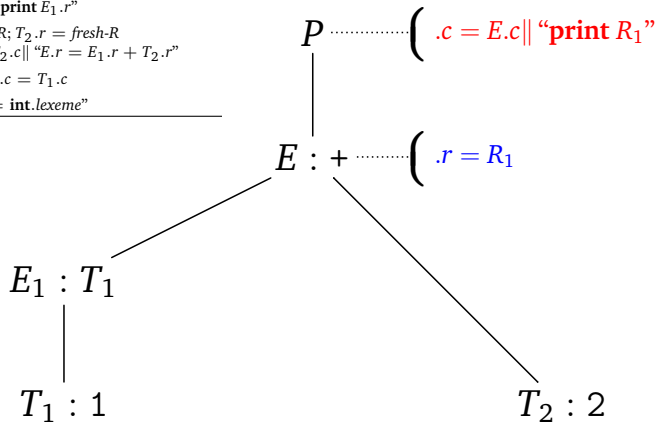
## Example (AST)

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"E.r = } E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
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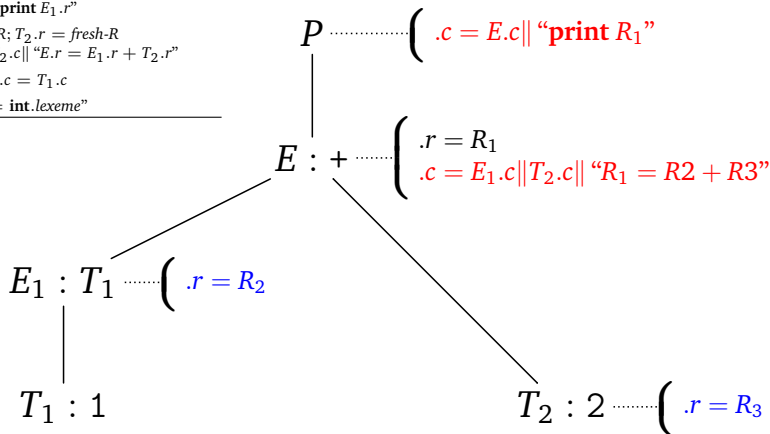
## Example (attributes I)

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"E.r = } E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
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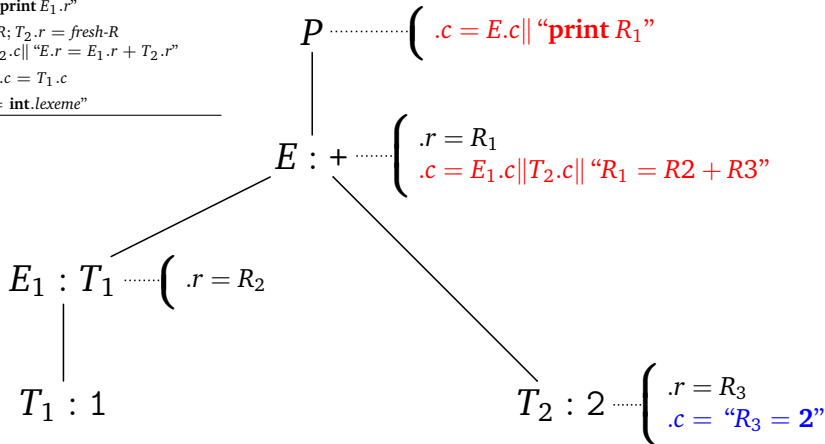
## Example (attributes II)

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"}E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow T_1$	$T_1.r = E.r; E.c = T_1.c$
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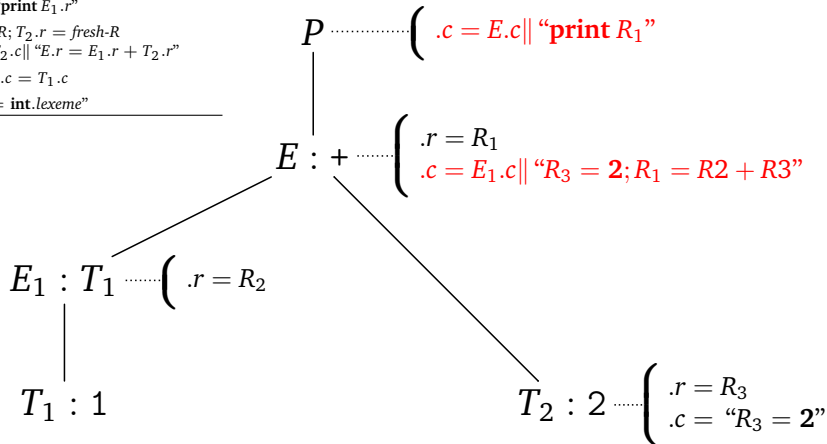
## Example (attributes III)

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"}E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow T_1$	$T_1.r = E.r; E.c = T_1.c$
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$	$T.c = \text{"}T.r = \text{int.lexeme}\text{"}$



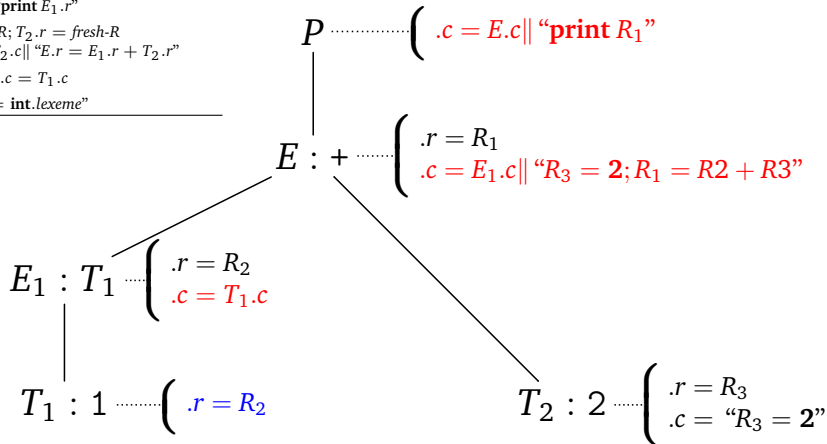
## Example (attributes IV)

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"}E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow T_1$	$T_1.r = E.r; E.c = T_1.c$
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$	$T.c = \text{"}T.r = \text{int.lexeme}\text{"}$



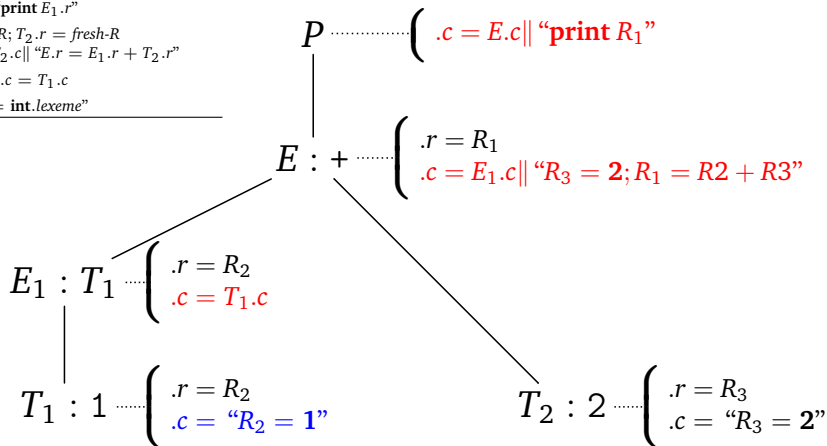
## Example (attributes V)

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-R}$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-R}; T_2.r = \text{fresh-R}$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"E.r = } E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow T_1$	$T_1.r = E.r; E.c = T_1.c$
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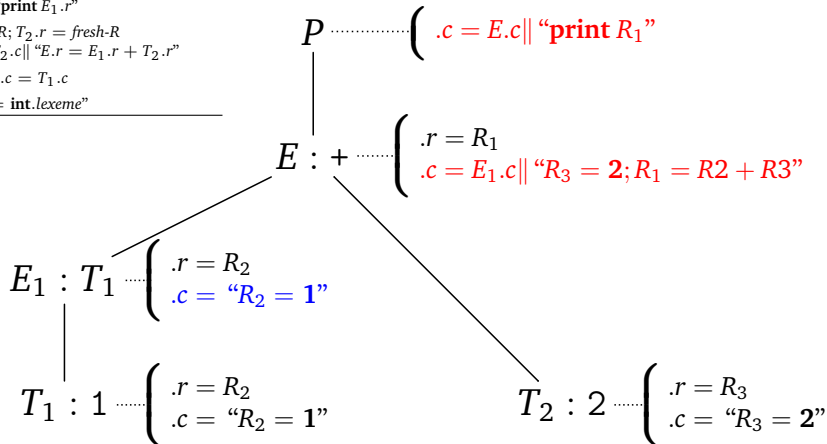
## Example (attributes VI)

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"}E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow T_1$	$T_1.r = E.r; E.c = T_1.c$
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## Example (attributes VII)

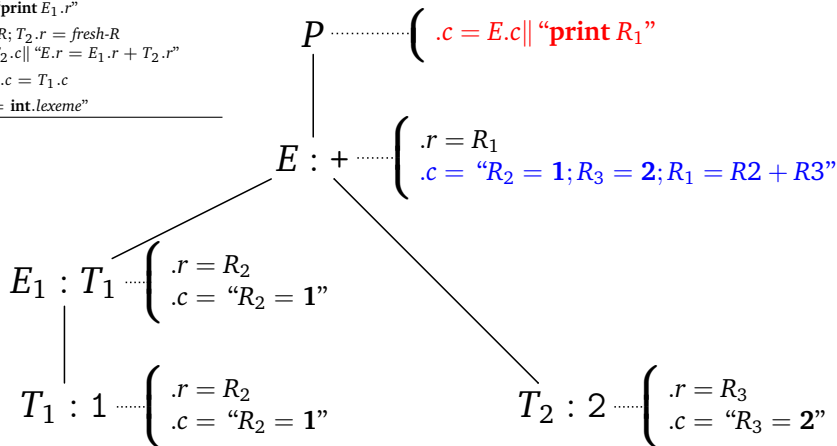
PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"}E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
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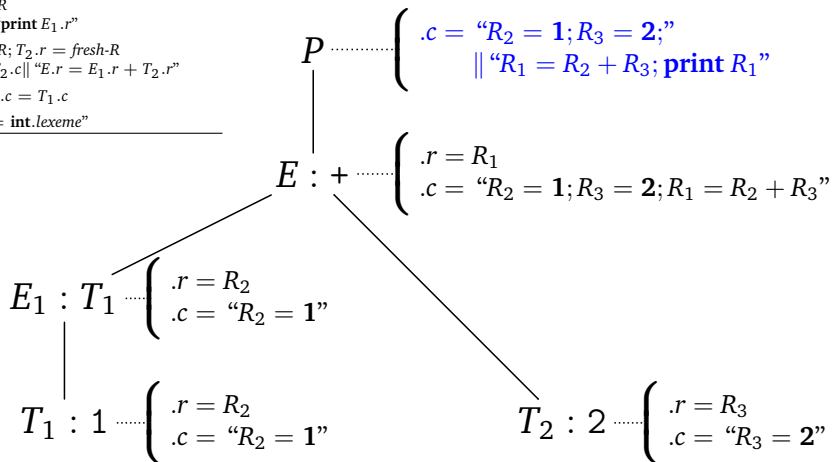
## Example (attributes VIII)

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"}E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
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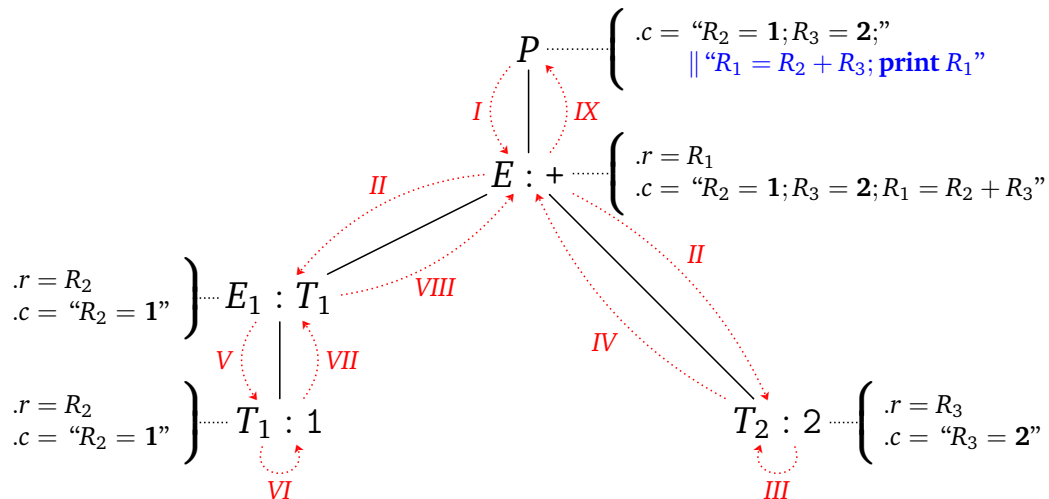


## Example (attributes IX)

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"}E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow T_1$	$T_1.r = E.r; E.c = T_1.c$
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## Example (attribute evaluation order)



## Semantic Actions

- ▶ if we know the tree traversal mechanism **left to right post-order**—
- ▶ then we can replace concatenations with **appending side effects**.



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## Semantic Actions (II)

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$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"}E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
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## Semantic Actions (III)

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ { <b>emit</b> “ <b>print</b> $E_1.r$ ” }
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ { <b>emit</b> “ $E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r$ ” }
$E \rightarrow T_1$	$T_1.r = E.r$
$T \rightarrow \mathbf{int}$	{ <b>emit</b> “ $T.r = \mathbf{int.lexeme}$ ” }



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## SDD = Grammar + Semantic (Attribute) Rules

**Synthesized attribute:** Defined for result non-terminal of production.

**Inherited attribute:** Defined for (or “sent to”) component non-terminals of production.

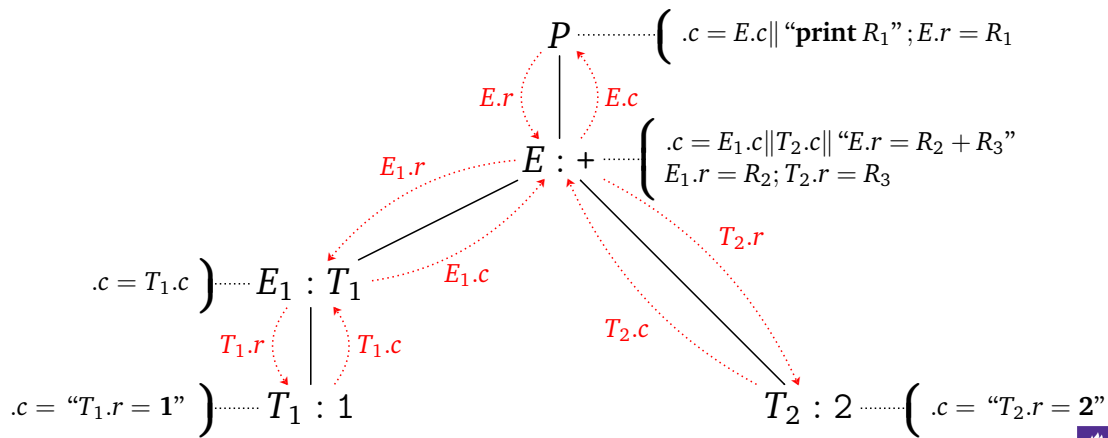


## Cycles possible!

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$A \rightarrow B_1$	$A.s = B.i ; B.i = A.s + 1$



# Dependency Graph



## Good SDD Classes

**S-attributed:** Only synthesized attributes.

**L-attributed:** Each attribute is *either*

synthesized (without restrictions), or

inherited for a production

with no children

and synthesized for all other children

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$$A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 \dots X_n$$

where inherited attributes for  $X_i$  *only* depends on inherited attributes for  $A$  and  $X_1, \dots, X_{i-1}$  and on synthesized attributes of  $X_1, \dots, X_{i-1}$ .



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# HACS-Attributed

HACS supports:

- ▶ S-attributed SDDs.
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For convenience the named arguments are called inherited attributes.



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## Example, Again

PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
$P \rightarrow E_1$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2$	$E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R; T_2.r = \text{fresh-}R$ $E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"}E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r\text{"}$
$E \rightarrow T_1$	$T_1.r = E.r; E.c = T_1.c$
$T \rightarrow \mathbf{int}$	$T.c = \text{"}T.r = \mathbf{int.lexeme}\text{"}$



# Grammar

$$P \rightarrow E_1 \quad E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2 \quad E \rightarrow T_1 \quad T \rightarrow \mathbf{int}$$

token *INTEGER* | [0–9]+ ;

sort *P* | [ [ *E* ] ] ;

sort *E* | [ [ *E* ] + [ *T* ] ] | [ [ *T* ] ] ;

sort *T* | [ [ *INTEGER* ] ] ;



# Grammar

$$P \rightarrow E_1 \quad E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2 \quad E \rightarrow T_1 \quad T \rightarrow \mathbf{int}$$

**token** *INTEGER* | [0–9]+ ;

**sort** *P* | [ [ *E* ] ] ;

**sort** *E* | [ [ *E* ] + [ *T* ] ] | [ [ *T* ] ] ;

**sort** *T* | [ [ *INTEGER* ] ] ;



## Attribute Sorts

**token** *REGISTER* | 'R' ('\_' *INTEGER*)? ;

**sort** *Reg* | **symbol** [*REGISTER* ] ;

**sort** *Code* | [*print* *Reg* ]@1  
 | [*Reg* = *Reg* + *Reg* ]@1  
 | [*Reg* = *INTEGER* ]@1  
 | [*Code*@1 ; *Code* ]  
 | [] ;

**attribute**  $\downarrow r(\textit{Reg})$  ;

**attribute**  $\uparrow c(\textit{Code})$  ;



## Example, Again

$$\overline{P \rightarrow E_1 \mid E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R \quad P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{“print } E_1.r\text{”}}$$

```
sort P | scheme R_P(P) | scheme R_P1(P, Reg) ;
```

```
R_P([ [ <E#1> ] ])
  → R_P1([ [ <E R_E(E#1) ↓r([R_1])> ] ], [R_1]) ;
```

```
R_P1([ [ <E#1 ↑c(Code#c1)> ] ], Reg#r)
  → [ [ <E#1> ] ] ↑c([ [ <Code#c1> ; print <Reg#r> ] ]) ;
```



## Example, Again

$$\overline{P \rightarrow E_1 \mid E_1.r = \text{fresh-}R \quad P.c = E_1.c \parallel \text{"print } E_1.r\text{"}}$$

**sort**  $P$  | **scheme**  $R\_P(P)$  | **scheme**  $R\_P1(P, \text{Reg})$  ;

$R\_P(\llbracket \langle E\#1 \rangle \rrbracket)$   
 $\rightarrow R\_P1(\llbracket \langle E R\_E(E\#1) \downarrow r(\llbracket R\_1 \rrbracket) \rangle \rrbracket, \llbracket R\_1 \rrbracket)$  ;

$R\_P1(\llbracket \langle E\#1 \uparrow c(\text{Code}\#c1) \rangle \rrbracket, \text{Reg}\#r)$   
 $\rightarrow \llbracket \langle E\#1 \rangle \rrbracket \uparrow c(\llbracket \langle \text{Code}\#c1 \rangle ; \text{print } \langle \text{Reg}\#r \rangle \rrbracket)$  ;





## Example, Again

$$\frac{E \rightarrow T_1}{T_1.r = E.r; E.c = T_1.c}$$

```
sort E | scheme R_E(E) ↓r ;
```

```
R_E(⟦ ⟨T#1⟩ ⟧) ↓r(Reg#r)
  → R_E1(⟦ ⟨T R_T(T#1) ↓r(Reg#r)⟩ ⟧) ;
```

```
| scheme R_E1(E) ;
```

```
R_E1(⟦ ⟨T#1 ↑c(Code#c1)⟩ ⟧)
```

## Example, Again

$$\frac{E \rightarrow T_1}{T_1.r = E.r; E.c = T_1.c}$$

**sort**  $E$  | **scheme**  $R\_E(E) \downarrow r$  ;

$R\_E(\llbracket \langle T\#1 \rangle \rrbracket) \downarrow r(\text{Reg}\#r)$   
 $\rightarrow R\_E1(\llbracket \langle T R\_T(T\#1) \downarrow r(\text{Reg}\#r) \rangle \rrbracket) ;$

| **scheme**  $R\_E1(E) ;$

$R\_E1(\llbracket \langle T\#1 \uparrow c(\text{Code}\#c1) \rangle \rrbracket)$

$\llbracket \langle T\#1 \rangle \rrbracket \uparrow c(\text{Code}\#c1) ;$



## Example, Again

$$\frac{E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2 \quad \begin{array}{l} E_1.r = \text{fresh-R}; T_2.r = \text{fresh-R} \\ E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r"} \end{array}}{}{}$$

```
R_E([ [ <E#1> + <T#2> ] ]) ↓r(Reg#r)
  → R_E2([ [ <E R_E(E#1) ↓r([R_1])>
            + <T R_T(T#2) ↓r([R_2])> ] ],
          Reg#r, [R_1], [R_2]) ;
```

```
| scheme R_E2(E, Reg, Reg, Reg) ;
```

```
R_E2([ [ <E#1 ↑c(Code#c1)> + <T#2 ↑c(Code#c2)> ] ], Reg#r, Reg#r1, Reg#r2)
  → [ [ <E#1> + <T#2> ]
      ↑c([ [ <Code#c1>; <Code#c2>; <Reg#r> = <Reg#r1> + <Reg#r2> ] ]) ;
```

## Example, Again

$$\frac{E \rightarrow E_1 + T_2 \quad \begin{array}{l} E_1.r = \text{fresh-R}; T_2.r = \text{fresh-R} \\ E.c = E_1.c \parallel T_2.c \parallel \text{"E.r = E_1.r + T_2.r"} \end{array}}{\quad}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R\_E(\llbracket \langle E\#1 \rangle + \langle T\#2 \rangle \rrbracket) \downarrow r(\text{Reg}\#r) \\ \rightarrow R\_E2(\llbracket \langle E R\_E(E\#1) \downarrow r(\llbracket R\_1 \rrbracket) \rangle \\ + \langle T R\_T(T\#2) \downarrow r(\llbracket R\_2 \rrbracket) \rangle \rrbracket, \\ \text{Reg}\#r, \llbracket R\_1 \rrbracket, \llbracket R\_2 \rrbracket) ; \end{aligned}$$

| **scheme**  $R\_E2(E, \text{Reg}, \text{Reg}, \text{Reg}) ;$

$$\begin{aligned} R\_E2(\llbracket \langle E\#1 \uparrow c(\text{Code}\#c1) \rangle + \langle T\#2 \uparrow c(\text{Code}\#c2) \rangle \rrbracket, \text{Reg}\#r, \text{Reg}\#r1, \text{Reg}\#r2) \\ \rightarrow \llbracket \langle E\#1 \rangle + \langle T\#2 \rangle \rrbracket \\ \uparrow c(\llbracket \langle \text{Code}\#c1 \rangle ; \langle \text{Code}\#c2 \rangle ; \langle \text{Reg}\#r \rangle = \langle \text{Reg}\#r1 \rangle + \langle \text{Reg}\#r2 \rangle \rrbracket) ; \end{aligned}$$


## Example, Again

$$\overline{T \rightarrow \mathbf{int} \mid T.c = "T.r = \mathbf{int.lexeme}"}$$

sort  $T$  | scheme  $R\_T(T) \downarrow r$  ;

$R\_T(\llbracket \langle \mathbf{INTEGER\#lexeme} \rangle \rrbracket) \downarrow r(\text{Reg}\#r)$   
 $\rightarrow \llbracket \langle \mathbf{INTEGER\#lexeme} \rangle \rrbracket \uparrow c(\llbracket \langle \text{Reg}\#r \rangle = \langle \mathbf{INTEGER\#lexeme} \rangle \rrbracket) ;$



## Example, Again

$$\frac{}{T \rightarrow \mathbf{int} \mid T.c = "T.r = \mathbf{int.lexeme}"}$$

**sort**  $T$  | **scheme**  $R\_T(T) \downarrow r$  ;

$$R\_T(\llbracket \langle \mathbf{INTEGER\#lexeme} \rangle \rrbracket) \downarrow r(\mathbf{Reg\#r})$$

$$\rightarrow \llbracket \langle \mathbf{INTEGER\#lexeme} \rangle \rrbracket \uparrow c(\llbracket \langle \mathbf{Reg\#r} \rangle = \langle \mathbf{INTEGER\#lexeme} \rangle \rrbracket) ;$$


*Questions?*

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