1. Write a program that takes a positive integer \( N \) as input and prints the sum of all that number's digits. Assume that the number you are given will always be positive.

For example: \( N = 1234 \) should return 10 which is \( 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 \).

2. Write a program that takes one string text as input and returns the text with all of the vowels removed.
   - Do not count Y as a vowel.
   - You should also make sure to remove lowercase and uppercase Vowels.

For example: If the input is “Hey You!” the program should print "Hy Y!”.

3. Write a function `censor()` that takes two strings text and word as input and returns the text with the word you chose replaced with asterisks.

For example:

```plaintext
censor("gangnam style", "gangnam") should return "******* style"
```

4. Write a function `removeOdd()` that takes in a list of numbers, removes all odd numbers in the list, and returns the result.

For example, `removeOdd([1, 2, 3])` should return `[2]`.

5. Write a program that uses a loop to display the characters for the ASCII codes 0 through 127. Display 16 characters on each line.

   Note: To get the char representation of an ASCII (integer) value, use the `chr()` explicit conversion function!

\[
\text{chr}(65) = \text{‘A’}
\]

6. Write a program that asks the user for a positive integer value. The program should use a loop to get the sum of all the integers from 1 up to the number entered. For example, if the user enters 50, the loop will find the sum of 1, 2, 3, 4, ... 50.

   Input Validation: Do not accept a negative starting number.