

Honors Analysis of Algorithms

Problem Set 2

Collaboration is allowed, but you must write your own solutions. Proving correctness of algorithms is a must.

Problem 1

Suppose $G(V, E)$ is a connected graph and $h : E \mapsto \mathbf{R}$ is an assignment of costs to its edges. Let $g : E \mapsto \mathbf{R}$ be another cost assignment that satisfies:

$$\forall e, e' \in E, \quad h(e) \leq h(e') \iff g(e) \leq g(e').$$

Prove that there exists a spanning tree of G that is a minimum cost spanning tree with respect to costs $h(\cdot)$ as well as a minimum cost spanning tree with respect to costs $g(\cdot)$.

Solve: [Kleinberg Tardos]: Chapter 4, Problem 26, on page 202.

Note: The greedy algorithm for minimum spanning tree (taught in class) works even when costs are allowed to be negative.

Problem 2

Let G be an n -vertex connected graph with costs on the edges. Assume that all the edge costs are distinct.

1. Prove that G has a unique minimum cost spanning tree.
2. Give a polynomial time algorithm to find a spanning tree whose cost is the second smallest.
3. Give a polynomial time algorithm to find a cycle in G such that the maximum cost of edges in the cycle is minimum amongst all possible cycles. Assume that the graph has at least one cycle.

Problem 3

You are given a set of n intervals on a line:

$$(a_1, b_1], (a_2, b_2], \dots, (a_n, b_n].$$

Design a polynomial time greedy algorithm to select minimum number of intervals whose union is the same as the union of all intervals.

Problem 4

Solve: [Kleinberg Tardos]: Chapter 4, Problem 29, on page 203.

Hint: First prove that a non-increasing sequence (d_1, d_2, \dots, d_n) is a degree sequence of some n -vertex graph if and only if $(d_2 - 1, d_3 - 1, \dots, d_{d_1+1} - 1, d_{d_1+2}, \dots, d_n)$ is a degree sequence of some $(n - 1)$ -vertex graph.

Problem 5

Suppose you have an unrestricted supply of pennies, nickels, dimes, and quarters. You wish to give your friend n cents using a minimum number of coins. Describe a greedy strategy to solve this problem and prove its correctness.